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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
INFORMATION REPORT

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(LISTED BELOW)DATE OF
INFO. [REDACTED]

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SUPPLEMENT TO
REPORT NO.Hong Kong

1. On 13 January 1951 the Kwangtung Military District supplied the 41 Army, 4 Field Army (FA), with 15 anti-aircraft guns and 20 cases of ammunition to strengthen air defense at Chaoan (116-37, 23-42) and Swatow.
2. On 23 January, 1,000 men of an artillery unit of the 15 Army Group (AG), 3 FA, left Canton by train for Changmutou (114-06, 22-53) and from there to coastal areas in upper Tungchiang (114-, 23-) for defense duties.
3. On 24 January, 1,000 artillery troops with 20 heavy guns and other weapons arrived in Canton by train. They were immediately transferred by boat to Shihwoitang (石圍塘) and then by train southwest of Sanshui (112-54, 23-03) to reinforce Chanchiang (湛江).
4. On 25 January, 6,000 troops of the 10 AG, 3 FA, left Canton by train for Paoan (113-56, 22-32) and Huiyang (114-26, 23-05) to assume garrison duties of the 41 Army. The unit was equipped with many heavy arms and about 100 pack horses. Another 1,000 men of the 10 AG in a machine gun and artillery unit left Canton to assume defense duties on the Canton-Chench'uan (114-06, 22-32) railroad. On 26 January a special 12-car train loaded with military materials and ammunition and 700 troops left Canton; the troops were to assume defense duties on the Canton-Chench'uan railroad.

This document is hereby regraded to
CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with the
letter of 13 October 1978 from the
Director of Central Intelligence to the
Archivist of the United States.

Document No. 2	CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL/CONTROL	NSRB	DISTRIBUTION	Next Review Date: 2008
STATE	NAME	AGE	RELIGION	DATE OF BIRTH
113-56	22-32	23-05	114-06	22-53
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End of January 1951

5. The 32 Army, 3 FA, was dispersed in the East River area with headquarters at Huiyang. Its total strength was 90,000 men (C-5). One division of the 32 Army arrived in east Kwangtung from Manchuria during January.² The division was well-equipped and included Japanese prisoners of war. The 21 and 31 Armies, 3 FA, were on the east coast of Kwangtung. Their total strength was 90,000 men (C-4).
6. Three regiments of the 3 FA, the 63 Field Artillery Regiment, and the 41 Army, with a total strength of 50,000 (sic), all commanded by CHI'EN Hsiung,³ were disposed in the Huiyang-Paoan coastal area as follows:
 - a. The 41 Army Headquarters Unit and one field artillery battalion were in the suburbs of Huiyang.
 - b. One regiment and one field artillery battalion were at Jonsan (114-48, 22-49), P'inghai (114-53, 22-37) and Hsiayung (霞涌).
 - c. The 6 Infantry Battalion, 121 Division, and two headquarters artillery battalions were at Bias Bay, Aot'ou (114-32, 22-43), Tanshui (114-28, 22-47) and Shayuyung (114-24, 22-36). In addition, one regiment of the 121 Division was at P'ingshan (113-16, 23-26) and Lungkang (114-17, 22-44). The balance of the 41 Army was at P'ingshan, Tochu (多祝), Maan (114-30, 23-02) and Shak'eng (沙坑).
 - d. One infantry regiment and the 2 Artillery Battalion of the 3 FA were along the railroad between Changmutou, Shench'uan and Hant'ou (113-56, 22-31).
7. Units of the Railroad Army Group were along the Canton-Hankow railroad.
8. The 131 Division, 3 FA,⁴ with a strength of 10,000, was dispersed at Ch'uchiang (113-33, 24-50), Hengshih (113-12, 23-51), Yingto (113-21, 24-12), Hankuang (113-08, 24-16), Ch'ingyuan (113-01, 23-44) and Loch'ang (113-18, 25-08).
9. One regiment of the 4 FA with a strength of 3,000 was in the Hsapeichiang (小北江) area. Approximately 5,000 irregulars in this area under the command of HO Chun-ts'ai (何俊才) were being reorganized.
10. The Kwangtung-Kwangsi Column under TSENG Sheng was dispersed in the Pearl River Delta area, central and south Kwangtung. It had a strength of 100,000 (C-5).
11. Eight hundred irregulars from LI Hai's (李海) 6 Regiment of the Kwangtung-Kwangsi-Fukien Border Column⁵ were at Hsingning (115-49, 24-04).
12. The 61 Division, 21 Army, with a strength of 10,000, was in the Kwangtung-Fukien border area. The 62 Division, 21 Army, two regiments of the 4 FA and the "7 Independent Field Army Regiment"⁶ were in Swatow. The 63 Division and four regiments of the Chaoan-Swatow Military District were on the upper reaches of the Shan (sic) River (116-, 24-).⁷
13. Kwangtung militia were disposed in the following areas:
 - a. Nine detachments, with a strength of 25,500, in central Kwangtung.
 - b. Ten detachments, with 26,000, in the Pearl River area.
 - c. Eleven detachments, with 17,300, in the East River area.
 - d. Eleven detachments, with 18,500, in the North River area.
 - e. Nine detachments, with 16,600, in the West River area.
 - f. Ten detachments, with 17,600, in east Kwangtung.
 - g. Nine detachments, with 15,600, in south Kwangtung.

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Early February 1951Taipei, Taiwan

14. On 4 February 1951, 3,000 troops of the 133 Division, 46 Army, arrived in Canton from Hankow by train. On 5 February they moved to Fangch'eng (103-23, 21-46).

Hong Kong

15. LU Chien (陸健), commander of the 2 Battalion of the Mechanized Army Group (sic) of the Central and South China Military Area, and Lieutenant Colonel Hua-k'e-ko-fu (? Vakekov), a Soviet adviser, arrived at Changmutou by train with 6 armored cars, 12 light tanks equipped with flame throwers and two small caliber guns, and 4 medium tanks equipped with two heavy machine guns, two flame throwers and one other gun. From Changmutou they went to Nant'ou via Shench'uan on the Canton-Shench'uan highway, then went to Bocca Tigris (113-41, 22-49) along the Paoan-Bocca Tigris highway. They left Bocca Tigris for Talang (113-57, 22-56) and Paisha (113-06, 22-34)(sic).⁸
16. One artillery battalion of the 83 Division, 27 Army,⁹ equipped with 10 field guns, 4 flat trajectory guns, 2 Soviet-type anti-aircraft guns and 3 x 60 mm guns (sic), arrived at Changmutou from Canton and went to Mas Bay, Hutoumen (虎頭門), Tungyung¹⁰ (114-26, 23-05), Pingtan (平潭), Janshan and Tanshui via Huiyang to take over garrison duties.
17. One thousand men of the 114 Division, 10 AG,¹¹ equipped with 6 mountain guns, 10 flat trajectory guns and 6 heavy guns, traveled to Huiyang from south Kiangsi. Elements left for Shat'ouchiao (114-14, 22-32), Ts'aiwu (114-37, 26-05)(sic), Weichang (圍張), Lutsun (麓村), Hsihsiang (113-52, 22-34), Kushi (113-51, 22-35), Chihwan (赤灣) and Hanshan (112-53, 24-16) for garrison duties.

Mid-February 1951

18. The 247 Regiment, 82 Division, 27 Army,² comprising three infantry battalions and one machine gun company, a total of 1,000 men, under regimental commander WAN Hiao-hsin (萬浩新) moved from Kanghsientsun (崗仙村) along the southern section of the Canton-Kowloon railroad to Shench'uan. The unit was equipped with 20 bazookas and 15 small caliber guns. It will assume highway garrison duties.
19. Approximately 300 troops of the 10 AG, equipped with 15 x 60 mm guns (sic) and 8 artillery pieces (all Soviet equipment) were going to Changmutou, Pienchichiang (辨赤江) and Mas Bay for defense duties.
20. To maintain order in the Canton area the Kwangtung Military District expanded the strength of the garrison in that area to that of a brigade. The brigade commander was HUANG Yung-sheng (黃永勝), also deputy commander of the military district and Canton Garrison commander. The deputy commander of the brigade was LI Kuo-liang (李國良), also commander of the Canton Public Security Column. Cadre members of the brigade will comprise graduates of the Military and Political University and the Public Security School.¹²

Taipei, Taiwan

21. In mid-February elements of the 133 Division, 44 Army,¹³ were along the Kowloon border with headquarters at Nant'ou (113-56, 22-31). Elements of the 132 Division, 44 Army, were in the Shihlung (113-51, 23-07) area.
22. On 19 February, 340 engineering troops of the 130 Division, 44 Army, were in the Shat'ou (113-03, 22-54) - Chihwan (赤灣) area building defenses.

January 1951

23. In January 1951 Kwangtung militia was being reorganized into 10 public security divisions as follows:
- a. The 1 Division from some elements of the former East River Column. Its commander was YIH Chao-wu (葉超武) and it was in the Chaoan-Swatow area.

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- b. The 2 Division from the former West River Column. Its commander was T'AN Fu-ch'iang (譚富強). It was equipped mostly with Japanese weapons and was in the Chaoch'ing (112-29, 23-04) -Kaoring (112-43, 22-53) area.
- c. The 3 Division from the former North River Column. It was equipped mostly with Japanese weapons and was in the North River area.
- d. The 4 Division was organized from some elements of the East River Column and was commanded by TSIHO Sheng. It has American equipment and was in the Pearl River Delta area and on the Ladrone.
- e. The 5 Division was organized from elements of the East River and Southern Columns. It was equipped with Japanese weapons and was being trained on the Leichou Peninsula.
- f. The 6-10 Divisions are not organized.¹⁴

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- 1. [REDACTED] Comment. According to all available information, the 15 AG is subordinate to the 1 FA; the 3 FA comprises the 7-11 AG's.
25X1A 25X1A
- 2. [REDACTED] Comment. [REDACTED] concerning the arrival in Canton on 1 February of 10,000 troops with the designation of "Shen Yang" (shen yang).
25X1A 25X1A
- 3. [REDACTED] Comment. [REDACTED] from the same source, gives CH'EN as commander of the 44 Army. This does not agree with available information.
25X1A
- 4. [REDACTED] Comment. According to information available to this office, the 131 Division is subordinate to the 44 Army, 14 AG, 4 FA.
25X1A
- 5. [REDACTED] Comment. This office has no previous reference on a Kwangtung-Kwangsi-Fukien Column; however, a Fukien-Kiangsi-Kwangtung Column was mentioned [REDACTED] 25X1A
25X1A
- 6. [REDACTED] Comment. This may be in error for "7 Independent Field Artillery Regiment."
25X1A
- 7. [REDACTED] Comment. Possibly the Han River.
- 25X1A 8. [REDACTED] Comment. It is possible that the tanks were used to test the load capacity of roadbeds and bridges on the Tungkuang (113-46, 23-02) Paoan highway.
25X1A
- 25X1A 9. [REDACTED] Comment. [REDACTED] for an account of their earlier trip.
- 25X1A 9. [REDACTED] Comment. According to available information, the 82 and 83 Divisions are subordinate to the 28 Army.
25X1A
- 10. [REDACTED] Comment. This appears to be in error for Huiyang.
- 11. [REDACTED] Comment. According to available information, the 114 Division is subordinate to the 30 Army, 12 AG.
25X1A
- 12. [REDACTED] Comment. This differs in several particulars from an account of the reorganization [REDACTED] 25X1A
25X1A
- 13. [REDACTED] Comment. According to available information, the 133 Division is subordinate to the 45 Army.
25X1A 25X1A
- 14. [REDACTED] Comment. [REDACTED] in February the 10 Public Security Division was organized from the 150 Division, 53 Army. The above information on militia reorganization should not be regarded as confirmation of similar information from other agencies.

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